

WITHERNSEA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



HEALTH AND SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

ANNUAL REPORT

1963.



Municipal Buildings,
243, Queen Street,
WITHERNSEA,
East Yorkshire.

F.R. CRIPPS, M.D., D.P.H.,
Medical Officer of Health.

FRC/MER.

Municipal Buildings,
Queen Street,
WITHERNSEA.

June, 1964.

To : The Chairman and Members of
Withernsea Urban District Council.

Madam Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report on the Public Health and Sanitary Administration of the Urban District.

POPULATION :

Including members of the Armed Services, the population is estimated by the Registrar General to be 4,810 at mid-year, 1963. This shows a decrease of 40 from the preceding year.

BIRTHS and BIRTH RATE :

97 births were registered, 58 males and 39 females, giving a birth rate of 20.166 per 1,000 population.

Comparative figures for the past 13 years :

1944/50.	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963.
16.8	14.5	16.4	16.0	13.9	12.8	14.4	14.2	12.2	16.5	16.3	16.9	17.3	20.1.

When we compare these rates with other parts of the country, use has to be made of the Comparability Factor - a figure which takes into account the age and sex constitution of the district as disclosed by the Census, and which this year is 1.20. This, when applied, raises the birth rate to 24.199. The Comparability Factor, which has been constant at 1.09 for many years, is raised to 1.20 for 1963. The birth rate of 24.2 (approx.) is what is presumed to occur if there had been as many married residents of the age group 20-35 as there are in the average community. The same principle applies in reverse, as regards the death rate.

The birth rate for the County of East Yorkshire is 17.73, and that of England and Wales, 18.2.

Illegitimate Births :

Included in the above births there were 3 illegitimate births, one male and two females. Thus, about 3% of the total births were illegitimate, giving a rate of 0.62 per 1,000 population, compared to 0.8 in 1962.

There were no still-births.

DEATHS and DEATH RATE :

The death rate is 17.05 per 1,000 population, 38 males and 44 females having died during the past year, including all who had died away from home, e.g., in hospital. This rate is 0.68 per 1,000 less than in 1962.

When the Comparability Factor is applied, the rate is reduced to 13.13. The Comparability Factor is 0.77, indicating that there is a large number of older residents, who have a reduced expectation of life.

Comparative figures for the past 13 years :

1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963.
15.09	14.73	17.0	13.1	18.4	15.0	15.26	14.86	14.6	15.7	12.8	17.7	17.05.

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The Death Rate for the County of East Yorkshire is 11.45, and for England and Wales, 12.2.

Of the total of 38 male deaths, 68.4% were over 65, and 44.7 over 75 years. Of the females, 86.3% were over 65, and 54.5% were over 75. In both males and females the largest groups were over 75, but in the age group 55-65, twice the number of males (23.7% of the total) died than of females (11%). Up to 55, only one female and three males died out of 82 deaths. The age group 55-64 in males is obviously one to watch.

Age Group.	38 Male Deaths.		44 Female Deaths.	
	Deaths.	% of Total.	Deaths.	% of Total.
0-55	3	7.9	1	2.
55-64	9	23.7	5	11.
65-74	9	23.7	14	32.
75-	17	44.7	24	55.

Still-births: There were none notified.

Infant Deaths: There were none notified.

CAUSES OF DEATH :

The chief causes of death were Heart Disease (28), Vascular lesions of the brain (Stroke), 15, Cancer, 11, and Respiratory Disease, 10.

Heart Disease caused 34% of all deaths, about one in three, and of deaths from other circulatory diseases (Arterial, Venous or blood), the percentage is raised to 37.5 of all deaths.

Analysis of deaths from Heart Disease :

- (a) Coronary Thrombosis caused 23 deaths (10 male and 13 female), 80% of all deaths from heart disease. Seven of the males were in age groups 55-74, one below, and two above. Seven of the female deaths were between 65-74 and five over 75.

On average, the males died five years earlier than the females. The only agreed preventive action lies in moderate daily exercise and restraint in eating to avoid obesity.

- (b) Hypertension caused two deaths in women of the over 65 group.

- (c) Other Heart disease, valvular etc., caused three deaths, one male in the 35 age group and two females over 75.

Other Circulatory diseases caused three deaths, all males over 65.

CANCER.

Cancer caused 11 deaths, 7 males and 4 females - two fewer than last year. Six of the seven male cases were Cancer of the lungs, an increase of 5 over 1962. We have to go back to 1959 for 6 deaths from Lung Cancer, but this is the largest number of deaths from Cancer of the lungs in males on record since 1950. In the past 12 years there have been 37 cases of Lung Cancer - 33 males and 4 females.

The sites are as follows :

	<u>Stomach.</u>	<u>Lungs.</u>	<u>Others.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Males	1	6	-	7
Females	1	-	3	4

Cancer of the lungs is caused by irritants inhaled into the lungs, amongst these, tobacco, smoke and products of exhaust gases, especially heavy oils, are named.

Cancer Deaths and Death Rates from 1952 to 1963 are as follows :-

	<u>Stomach</u>			<u>Lungs</u>			<u>Other Sites.</u>			Total Cases.	Rate per 1,000 pop.	% of total deaths.
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.			
1952	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	7	10	10	2.0	13.7
1953	2	2	4	2	-	2	3	6	9	15	3.0	18.0
1954	-	-	-	4	-	4	1	3	4	8	1.6	12.3
1955	1	-	1	2	1	3	4	7	11	15	3.0	16.3
1956	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	6	9	15	3.0	20.0
1957	2	2	4	5	1	6	4	4	8	18	3.6	23.4
1958	-	-	-	3	-	3	1	4	5	8	1.6	10.8
1959	2	-	2	3	2	5	5	9	14	21	4.2	28.8
1960	2	-	2	3	-	3	6	5	11	16	3.2	20.5
1961	1	1	2	1	-	1	2	5	7	10	2.1	16.0
1962	1	1	2	1	-	1	1	9	10	13	2.68	15.0
1963	1	1	2	6	-	6	-	3	3	11	2.3	13.4
TOTAL:	13	9	22	33	4	37	33	68	101	160		

RESPIRATORY DISEASES :

There were 6 deaths from Pneumonia - 2 males and 4 females. Four of these were in the over 75 group. One male and two females died from Bronchitis, in the age groups 55 and 65+ respectively, and one other respiratory.

ACCIDENTS :

One female died from the result of a motor accident, aged 75+, and two females died as the result of accidents in the home, aged over 75.

The table on Page 4 shows the causes of death in the various age groups, for males and females.

MATERNAL MORTALITY :

No mother died as a result of pregnancy, childbirth or abortion.

DEATHS OF INFANTS :

No infant died under the age of one.

STILL-BIRTHS :

No still-births were notified.

Deaths in the Principal Diseases according to Age Groups :

CAUSE OF DEATH	Sex	Total All Ages	Under 4 weeks	4 weeks & under 1 year.	Age in Years.								
					1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75 & over
Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm Lung, Bronchus.	M	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Malignant & Lymphatic Neoplasms.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
Diabetes	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System.	M	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
	F	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	6
Coronary Disease Angina.	M	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	4	2
	F	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	5
Hypertension with Heart Disease.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Other Heart Disease.	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Other Circulatory Disease.	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
Bronchitis	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Other Diseases of Respiratory System.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Gastritis, Enteritis & Diarrhoea.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nephritis and Dephrosis.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Other Defined & Ill-Defined Diseases.	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Motor Vehicle Accidents.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
All Other Accidents.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Suicide.	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
TOTAL - ALL CAUSES :	M	38	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	9	9	17
	F	44	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	14	24

Comparison of variations in causes of death in previous years :

CANCER : The outstanding feature in an otherwise below average number of cancer deaths was the six cases of lung cancer in males, out of a total of seven deaths - the highest since 1950.

CEREBRAL HAEMORRHAGE and THROMBOSIS :

There were 15 deaths from vascular diseases of the nervous system, compared with 12 last year, making nearly 18% of all deaths.

CORONARY DISEASE :

50% of deaths from Heart Disease, and 28% of total deaths, were due to coronary attacks, but this year incidence in the sexes was nearly equal.

RESPIRATORY DISEASE :

Much the same pattern as last year, but twice as many women died, chiefly in the over 75 age group.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES :

There were no deaths from Tuberculosis or any other infectious disease.

The major epidemiological revolution during the past 15 years had been in the reversal in the roles of infectious disease and accidents of all kinds as causes of death. By 1961 accidental deaths had risen to 18,420, while deaths from infectious disease had fallen to 5,000.

PREVALENCE OF, and CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASE :

Summary of Notifications received.

DISEASE	Jan/		April/		July/		Oct/		TOTAL		
	Mar.		June		Sept.		Dec.		1963	1962	1961
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			
Measles	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	30	107
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis - Lungs.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis - Others.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typhoid Salmonella -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typhi A. & B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning - Salmonella.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerpural Pyrexia.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS :	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	31	109

It is to be noted that there were no notifications of Whooping Cough, Acute Poliomyelitis or Salmonella food poisoning during the year.

TUBERCULOSIS :

No notifications or deaths were reported.

DIPHTHERIA :

No notifications or deaths were reported.

IMMUNISATION and VACCINATION STATISTICS as at 31st DECEMBER, 1963:

Snallpox Vaccination - number of persons vaccinated or re-vaccinated -

Age at date of Vaccination	Under 1	1 year	2 to 4	5 to 14	15 or over.	TOTAL
Number vaccinated.	15	2	1	3	4	25
Number re-vaccinated.	-	1	2	1	6	10

Diphtheria Immunisation

Number of children immunised during the year ended 31st December, 1963 -

Under 5	5 to 14	Total	Booster.
88	4	92	47

SUMMARY - Population : 4,810.

BIRTHS			TOTAL		
	Males.	Females.	1963	1962	1961
Live - Legitimate	57	37	94	76	77
Live - Illegitimate	1	2	3	8	5
TOTALS:	58	39	97	84	82
BIRTH RATE :					
Live, per 1,000 Civilian Population	Crude		20.166	17.32	16.94
	Adjusted		24.2	18.87	18.46
STILL-BIRTHS:					
	Males.	Females.			
Legitimate	-	-	-	-	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-	-	-
STILL-BIRTH RATE per 1,000 total births.			-	-	12.05
BIRTHS - Total Live	58	39	97	84	82
INFANT DEATHS :					
Legitimate	-	-	-	3	2
Illegitimate	-	-	-	-	-
INFANT MORTALITY RATE:					
Per 1,000 live births.			-	35.7	24.39
Per 1,000 Legitimate births.			-	39.4	26.0
Per 1,000 Illegitimate births.			-	-	-
NEONATAL (4/52) Mortality					
Per 1,000 related live births.			-	2.	-
Per 1,000 legitimate births.			-	26.3	-
PERINATAL MORTALITY RATE					
Still-births and deaths in 1st week per 1,000 total births.			-	23.8	12.2
Percentage Illegitimate live births. Rate per 1,000 population.			0.62	1.6	1.03
Maternal Deaths per 1,000 population.			Nil	Nil	Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough.			Nil	Nil	Nil
Deaths from Diarrhoea and Enteritis			Nil	Nil	Nil.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES :

Hospital treatment is provided for in this area at the Hull Hospitals, at the Westwood Hospital, Beverley, and the General Hospital, Driffield, where there are full facilities for X-Ray and laboratory examination. Hospitals and out-patients' clinics for the diagnosis and treatment of Tuberculosis are included within the Health Service.

Facilities for the detection of bacterial infection, chiefly as concerns food, water, etc., are provided at the Public Health Laboratory, High Street, Hull.

The care of expectant and nursing mothers and their infants, including unmarried mothers and their children, is undertaken by the County Council through clinics and domiciliary midwifery services. Other services provided by the County Council include health visiting, home nursing, home help facilities, arrangements for vaccination and immunisation against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tuberculosis, and Ambulance Service.

Accommodation for all persons needing care and attention because of age, infirmity or other circumstances, apart from nursing and medical cases, is provided by the County Council in accordance with their responsibilities under the National Assistance Act, 1948, which also requires them to provide a Welfare Service for the Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and other persons permanently handicapped by congenital deformity, illness, injury or other such disability so recognised by the Minister of Health. Regular medical and sick nursing arrangements are undertaken by the Regional Hospital Board.

Action under the provisions of Section 47 of the National Assistance Act, 1948 was not required during the year, as it was found possible to admit through voluntary action any old persons needing care and attention, to one of the Council's Old Peoples' Homes, in co-operation with County Officials.

WARDEN SCHEME - Old People's Dwellings :

The institution of a Warden Scheme in connection with Old People's Dwellings was commenced in 1962, and has been extended to the new Old People's Dwellings now completed on the Kirkfield Road Estate, The Close, and Highfield, a total of 115 Old People's Bungalows. Five Wardens have been appointed, and each are in continuous touch with the Old People's Dwellings under their care, by means of a bell system whereby the old folk can indicate their need for a Warden to contact them, by day or night, by means of a switch which operates an indicator board in the Warden's house or bungalow nearby, and by a coloured light appearing near their front door.

The Wardens also visit the old folk daily, and carry out any services necessary in the case of temporary illness or infirmity, and advise them on matters connected with the Welfare Services, etc.

GENERAL STATISTICS :

Average height above Sea Level	... 15-ft.
Area of the Urban District	... 882 acres.
Population, mid-1963 (estimated)	... 4,810.
Houses occupied, 31.12.63	... 1,838.
Rateable Value, 1st April, 1963	... £59,236.
Product of a Penny Rate (estimated)	... £542.

WEATHER AND RAINFALL:

A comparatively mild Winter and a poor Summer were experienced in 1963, but the rainfall was considerably lower than in 1962, with a reduction of almost $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ in the number of wet days. The rainfall in June and August was exceptionally heavy, but most other months showed a reduction when compared with the rainfall of 1962.

Rainfall returns for Withernsea, for the year 1963, were as follows :-

MONTH	Inches.	Number of wet days.	Average for 5 years.
January	1.19	10	1963 - 19.91
February	.66	4	1962 - 18.51
March	1.70	9	1961 - 25.83
April	1.64	9	1960 - 28.13
May	1.01	8	1959 - 20.53
June	3.10	11	
July	1.23	10	Total - 112.91.
August	3.77	9	Average for
September	.67	5	five year
October	.99	7	period -
November	2.68	15	
December	1.27	9	<u>22.58.</u>
<hr/>			
TOTAL :	<u>19.91</u>	<u>106</u>	

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

SEWERAGE :

The first phase of Withernsea's new sewerage scheme was successfully completed in 1962, and has been in satisfactory operation since July, 1962.

Difficulty is experienced in the drying of the sludge, but the Council's Consultants are considering this problem. It is not at the present time proposed to increase the sludge beds.

WATER SUPPLY :

The water supply was obtained under contract from the Kingston-upon-Hull Corporation, the contract dating from February, 1916, and expiring on September 30th, 1963, from which date the Water Undertaking for the district was taken over by Kingston-upon-Hull. The supply is piped under pressure to a tower at Rinswell, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of Withernsea, and is then distributed by gravitation. The supply has been satisfactory in quality, and there has been no restriction in the use of mains water for the washing of cars, etc.

Kingston-upon-Hull Corporation propose to undertake works for the improvement of the water supply as and when these become necessary.

WATER SUPPLY (continued):

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF
SOURCES of SUPPLY.

<u>Determination.</u>	<u>River Hull Supply.</u>	<u>Deep Well Supply.</u>
Total dissolved Solids	285	330 - 425
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	3.5	14.0 - 24.0
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	13.5	205 - 235
Total Hardness (CaCO ₃) E.D.T.A.	195	230 - 365
Calcium Hardness (CaCO ₃) E.D.T.A.	170	225 - 295
Sulphate (SO ₄)	40	25 - 65
Phosphate (PO ₄)	0.04	0.02 - 0.04
Chlorides (Cl)	23	16 - 23
Fluoride (F)	10	0.09 - 0.12
Free Ammonia (N)	2.0	0.005 - 0.045
Albuminoid Ammonia (N)	0.045	0.005 - 0.025
Nitrate (N)	3.8	5.2 - 5.6
Nitrite (N)	0.002	0.002 - 0.010
Iron (Fe)	0.04	0.02
Manganese (Mn)	0.02	0.02
Sodium (Na)	12.0	5.8 - 13.0
Potassium (K)	1.25	0.63 - 1.9
Silica SiO ₂)	2.0	1.4 - 3.5
Permanganate Value	0.4	0.2
pH	7.6	7.2 - 7.4
Colour (Hazen Units)	3	2
Turbidity (Silica Units)	0.5	0.1 - 0.25

All chemical results in milligrammes per litre.

Bacteriological Examination of water taken from Withernsea Water Tower,
9th March, 1964 -

Plate Count Colonies per ml at 37°C.	- Nil.
Presumptive Coliform Count MPN per 100 ml.	- Nil.
Typical E.Coli Count MPN per 100 ml.	- Nil.

CONSUMPTION OF WATER :

The total consumption of water up to take-over date, i.e., 30th September, 1963, was 61,905,000 galls., as compared with 80,043,000 galls. for the whole of 1962. On average this reveals an increase over the nine months of 1,872,000 galls.

Metered Supplies	... 7,064,000 galls.
Domestic Consumption	... 54,841,000 "
TOTAL	... <u>61,905,000</u> "

<u>Gross Daily Consumption :</u>	<u>1963.</u>	<u>1962.</u>
	226,000 galls.	210,000 galls.
<u>Domestic Daily Consumption:</u>	208,000 galls.	171,326 galls.

Domestic Consumption per head, per day, based on a population of 4,810.	42 galls.	35 galls.
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RODENT CONTROL :

A total of 717 inspections and re-inspections of dwelling-houses, business and agricultural premises, and Council-owned property, were made during 1963, as follows :-

	Local Authority owned Property.	Dwelling- houses.	Other Property including Business Premises.	Agri- cultural Premises	TOTAL.
Inspections and Reinspections	9	658	30	19	717
Infested Property treated by the Local Authority	8	54	-	-	62
Properties infested by Mice	3	-	-	-	3
Properties infested by Rats	5	-	-	-	5

SEWERAGE SYSTEM - Treatment with Fluoracetanide:

Treatment of the sewers with Fluoracetanide by Field Officers from the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food were undertaken on March 11th and 18th, 1963. The results of the treatment on March 18th, 1963, indicated that a 100% clearance had been achieved. A test bait of 100% was undertaken on September 30th, 1963, followed by a further 'lift' on October 7th, 1963, when it was found that there were one or two pockets of comparatively small reinfestation. These were the subject of further treatments, which resulted in a final clearance.

Once again the Council's operatives were congratulated by the Field Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food on their interest and attention, which had helped to achieve the final 100% clearance.

FACTORIES :

The following Factories are on the Register :-

Joiners	...	4
Letter Press and Printing	...	1
Sweets and Ice Cream Manufacture	...	1
Coal Gas Manufacture	...	1
Garages and Motor Repair	...	4
Light General Engineering	...	1
Bakeries	...	4
Scrap Metal Baling	...	1
Plumbers and Electricians	...	4
Pottery	...	1
Motor Vehicle Repairs	...	2
TOTAL	...	24

COLLECTION of REFUSE :

There is a weekly collection of all dustbins from the rear of private dwelling-houses, shops and business premises. Skips are only used in a specific number of premises where there is a very long carry, or where the pathways are unsuitable for the carrying of a dustbin.

35 informal notices were served on the owners of premises, to provide proper galvanised covered dustbins, and all were complied with.

Total number of loads collected - 704.

Approximate weight - 2,112 tons.

REFUSE DISPOSAL :

The refuse was disposed of by tipping at the Winestead Dump, owned by Kingston-upon-Hull Corporation, for which a charge per load was made. This arrangement was, however, terminated by the Hull Corporation at the end of July, 1963. Since that date, refuse has been dumped on the Council's old Dump at Waxholme Road, and in close proximity to the Council's Trailer Park.

A suitable refuse dump is an urgent necessity for the town, and unless suitable land can be obtained, the Council will have to consider the provision of an Incinerator Plant costing in the region of £22,000.

NIGHT SOIL :

Night Soil is collected from approximately 100 caravans and four houses weekly. The vehicle used is an old standby refuse vehicle into which are placed ashes to absorb the liquid, and to prevent spillage.

This system is not satisfactory, but it is anticipated that by 1965 there will be no need to collect night soil from caravans.

HOUSING :

Inspections of Dwelling-houses during the year -

1.	(a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects. (Under Public Health or Housing Acts)	... 1,225
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	... 1,280
2.	(a)	Number of dwelling-houses (included under subhead 1 above), which were inspected under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932.	... 3
3.		Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	... -
4.		Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under preceding subhead) found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation	... 486

Remedy of Defects during the year without service of Formal Notices :

	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	... 26
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Action under Statutory Powers during the year :

Proceedings under the Housing Act, 1957 -

1.	(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	... Nil.
	(b)	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice	... Nil.
2.	(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	... Nil.
	(b)	Number of houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders.	... Nil.
3.	(a)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	... Nil.
	(b)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined	... Nil.

Proceedings under the Public Health Acts -

1.	(a)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	... 29.
	(b)	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice	... 26.

HOUSING (continued) :

Housing Act, 1936 - Part IV (Overcrowding) :

(a)	1.	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year.	...	Nil.
	2.	Number of families dwelling therein	...	Nil.
	3.	Number of persons dwelling therein	...	Nil.
(b)		Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	...	Nil.
(c)	1.	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	...	Nil.
	2.	Number of persons concerned in such cases	...	Nil.
(d)		Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	...	Nil.

HOUSING REPAIRS AND RENT ACT, 1954 :

Certificates of Disrepair issued	...	Nil.
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HOUSING PURCHASE & HOUSING ACT, 1959 :

Discretionary Grants:

Improvements to houses	- 10	Cost -	£2,287.
Conversion of houses into flats	- 4	Cost -	£3,113. <u>£5,400.</u>
Number of Discretionary Grants completed during the year	- 9		
Standard Grants issued	- 4		

NUMBER OF HOUSES ERECTED IN 1963 :

By Council	- 92.
By Private Enterprise	- 23.

INSPECTION OR SUPERVISION OF FOOD :

Routine supervision of the preparation of retail food products at butchers' premises, fried fish and chip shops, grocery and confectionery shops, ice-cream and sweet boiling premises, has been carried out. All but three premises were found to be satisfactory. Informal action was taken in respect of the three unsatisfactory premises, and the defects were remedied.

Nine Supplementary Licences were issued under the provisions of the Milk (Special Designation) Regulations, as follows :-

3 in respect of the Special Designation	"PASTEURISED"
4 in respect of the Special Designation	"STERILISED"
2 in respect of the Special Designation	"TUBERCULIN TESTED".

There are 29 Purveyors of Milk on the Register.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955, Section 62 (Licensing of Slaughterhouses) :

There is one licensed slaughterhouse in the Urban District, which is used by two Withernsea butchers for regular slaughtering on three evenings each week, and some casual slaughtering. The premises are well administered.

Licensing of Slaughterhouses (continued) :

It is again pleasing to report the high quality of the meat obtained from the slaughter-house, and the desire of the proprietor and the slaughtermen to carry out a very high standard of cleanliness and dressing of carcasses. 100% inspection is being carried out.

Total Meat Inspections, 1963-64 - Bovine, 184; Sheep, 568; Pigs, 96.

The remainder of the butchers in the town, 5 in number, obtain their supplies of meat, etc., from other sources outside the District, and all were satisfactory.

Slaughtermen's Licences :

Two 'Licences to Slaughter or Stun Animals' were issued.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955 - Food Hygiene Regulations :

The general standard of cleanliness in shops, cafes, public houses and other food premises is improving. It is still very necessary to increase the number of inspections made during the hours of business, so as to raise the standard of food preparation and handling to the highest possible peak. One cafe not up to standard closed down during the year.

The Regulations place considerable responsibility on food handlers, whether employers or employees, to observe or refrain from certain practices, to protect the public, in the course of food handling, preparation or distribution.

HOLIDAY CARAVAN SITES :

There are six caravan sites, which are licenced to accommodate 649 caravans. Two sites have sewers, water mains and ablution blocks; one site has sewers, water mains and no ablution blocks; three sites have no sewers, no ablution blocks, but piped water supply. One of these sites cannot be sewered.

Night Soil and refuse is collected from all the six sites weekly.

Regular visits are paid to all the caravan sites during the season.

Two sites closed for camping purposes during the year 1963, and two further sites will be closed in 1965.

CHALET SITE :

A Chalet Site which was completed during the year has 140 chalets, together with the necessary sewers, water mains and provision of electric light. Each chalet is provided with a separate W.C. and dustbin. Refuse is collected weekly from Easter to 30th September, each year.

SWIMMING POOL :

Internal Dimensions - Length - 108-ft.
 Breadth - 40-ft.
 Deep end depth- 6-ft.
 Shallow end " - 3-ft.

Volume of water - 120,000 gallons (approx.)

Four samples of water from the Swimming Pool were submitted for Bacteriological examination every week during its use, and the results were most satisfactory.

The Swimming Pool was opened to the Schools and public from May to 30th September, 1963.

Heating of the Swimming Pool - A heating plant was fixed in 1962, and worked satisfactorily during the season at a cost of £564.

Details of Income and Expenditure :

	<u>1960</u>	<u>1961</u>	<u>1962</u>	<u>1963</u>
Gross Income	£1,643.0.0	£1,414.16.0.	£2,098.16 2.	£2,030. 7.3d.
Expenditure (Heating)	Nil	Nil	£ 641. 1.2 ³ / ₄ d.	£ 564.15.8 ¹ / ₄ d.

Attendances:

Adults	5,538	4,152	5,191	5,505
Children	27,806	24,746	20,371	19,613
Spectators	16,441	12,940	11,698	11,323
Schools	3,521	5,472	5,291	4,947
Passes - Adults		16	27	30
Children		196	334	280.

Paddling Pool.

The water in the Paddling Pool is chlorinated by hand, but the water is changed as necessary, and at least once a day. During the very hot weather the water is changed three times a day.

TRAILER PARK :

The Caravan Site known as High House Farm, Waxholme Road, Withernsea, was purchased in 1961 by the Council, as a Trailer Park, and application was made and approved by the County Planning Officer for the whole of the 85 acres to be converted into a site for holiday dwellings. Number of caravans on the Trailer Park on 30th September, 1963 - 503.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

F. R. CRIPPS, M.D., D.P.H.,
 Medical Officer of Health.

